

**DECISION ON THE REPORT OF THE PEACE AND SECURITY COUNCIL ON ITS
ACTIVITIES AND THE STATE OF PEACE AND SECURITY IN AFRICA
Doc. Assembly/AU/4 (XII)**

The Assembly:

1. **TAKES NOTE** of the report of the Peace and Security Council (PSC) on its activities and the state of peace and security in Africa;
2. **WELCOMES** the efforts deployed to promote peace, security and stability in Africa, as well as the progress made towards the operationalization of the African Peace and Security Architecture, particularly with respect to the Continental Early Warning System (CEWS) and the African Standby Force (ASF). The Assembly **ENCOURAGES** all parties concerned to redouble their efforts to resolve the ongoing conflicts and consolidate peace where it has been achieved. The Assembly also **REQUESTS** the Commission to continue supporting the ongoing processes and mobilizing the assistance of the international community to that effect;
3. **STRESSES** the need for more proactive efforts to prevent conflicts and, in this respect, **REQUESTS** the Chairperson of the Commission to submit to it a comprehensive report on the efforts undertaken so far to prevent conflicts and how best they could be enhanced;
4. **EXPRESSES SERIOUS CONCERN** at the resurgence of the scourge of coups d'état in the Continent which constitutes a serious political regression and a reversal of the ongoing democratization process in the Continent, requiring firm and unequivocal response on the part of Member States. The Assembly **STRONGLY CONDEMNS** the coups d'état that occurred in Mauritania and Guinea on 6 August and 23 December 2008 respectively, as well as the attempted coup d'état in Guinea Bissau on 23 November 2008. The Assembly **FULLY SUPPORTS** the decisions of the Peace and Security Council in the three cases as well as the efforts deployed by the Commission towards restoration of constitutional legality in Mauritania and Guinea;
5. **WELCOMES** the progress achieved in the process of national reconciliation in the Comoros and **ENCOURAGES** the Comorian parties to continue to work together in the spirit of consensus to consolidate these gains, including through the necessary rationalization of the existing institutional architecture of the Archipelago and harmonization of the numerous electoral timeframes in the country;
6. **WELCOMES** the progress made in the political process in Somalia, particularly the signing, on 19 August and 26 October 2008 respectively, of the Djibouti Agreement and the Agreement on the Modalities for the Cessation of Armed Confrontation, as well as the decision to establish an inclusive and expanded Parliament and a Unity Government. The Assembly **ENCOURAGES** the

Transitional Federal Government (TFG) and the Alliance for the Re-liberation of Somalia (ARS) to continue with their efforts, and **URGES** all Somali stakeholders that have not yet done so to commit themselves to dialogue and join the peace process. The Assembly **STRONGLY CONDEMNS** those elements seeking to undermine the peace efforts, as well as peace and stability in the region as a whole, and **EXPRESSES ITS FULL SUPPORT** for the decision by IGAD, as endorsed by the PSC, to impose targeted sanctions on all those intent on undermining the ongoing efforts;

7. **WELCOMES** the election of a new President for Somalia which represents a major breakthrough in the peace process and **EXPRESSES** its satisfaction over this latest development; **URGES** all Somali stakeholders to work with the TFG and join the peace process. The Assembly strongly **CONDEMNS** those elements that are undermining the peace efforts;
8. **FURTHER WELCOMES** the extension of the transitional period by two years and **CALLS ON** the international community to lend increased support to the TFG so that the progress achieved can be sustained in order to bring lasting and durable peace in the country;
9. **EXPRESS ITS FULL SUPPORT** for the decision of IGAD as endorsed by the PSC to impose targeted sanctions on all those intent on undermining the ongoing efforts;
10. **TAKES NOTE** of the completion by Ethiopia of the withdrawal of its forces from Somalia in line with the Djibouti Agreement and **REITERATES** AU's appreciation for the sacrifice made by Ethiopia and its commitment to the search for a lasting solution to the conflict in Somalia. The Assembly **PAYS TRIBUTE** to AMISOM and the Troop Contributing Countries, namely Burundi and Uganda, for their commitment to the peace and reconciliation process in Somalia.
11. **ALSO PAYS TRIBUTE** to the AU partners and Member States, in particular Algeria, for providing financial and/or logistical support to AMISOM, and **WELCOMES** the adoption by the UN Security Council, on 16 January 2009, of Resolution 1863(2008), in which it expressed its intent to establish a UN peacekeeping operation in Somalia as a follow-up to AMISOM, subject to a further decision by 1 June 2009, and authorized the provision of a support package to AMISOM. The Assembly **URGES** the Security Council to urgently adopt a resolution authorizing the deployment of the envisaged peacekeeping operation;
12. **REITERATES** its concern at the continued impasse in the peace process between Ethiopia and Eritrea, and **CALLS FOR** renewed efforts, including by the AU, to assist the two countries overcome the current situation, normalize their relations and lay the foundation for a comprehensive and lasting peace between them;
13. **FURTHER REITERATES ITS CONCERN** at the persisting tension at the border between Djibouti and Eritrea and in the relations between the two countries. The

Assembly **RECALLS** the decision adopted by the PSC at its 138th Meeting held in Sharm El Sheikh, Egypt, on 29 June 2008, as well as its own decision on the matter. In this respect, the Assembly **WELCOMES** the efforts being deployed by members of the international community, including the adoption by the UN Security Council, on 14 January 2008, of resolution 1862(2008), which, *inter alia*, demanded that Eritrea withdraw its forces and all their military hardware to the *status quo ante* position, acknowledge its border dispute with Djibouti, engage actively in dialogue to defuse the tension, as well as in diplomatic efforts leading to a mutually acceptable settlement, and abide by its obligations as a member of the United Nations. The Assembly **CALLS FOR** speedy implementation of this resolution and **REQUESTS** the Commission to maintain consultations with the United Nations and other stakeholders, with a view of contributing to the early resolution of this conflict;

14. **WELCOMES** the efforts invested towards successful outcome of the process of implementing the agreements concluded between the Government of Burundi and PALIPEHUTU/FNL in June and September 2006 respectively, particularly the Declaration adopted by the Summit of Heads of State and Government of the Great Lakes Region, held in Bujumbura on 4 December 2008, and subsequent developments, especially the change of the appellation of PALIPEHUTU/FNL and the release of political prisoners and prisoners of war, as well as the commitment by the parties to resolve all the outstanding issues before 15 February 2009 ;
15. **WELCOMES** the developments in the peace process in the East of the DRC, particularly since the conclusion of the Agreement between the Congolese and Rwandese Governments in Goma on 5 December 2008. The Assembly **URGES** both Governments to speed up the implementation of the Nairobi Agreement of 2007 and **CALLS UPON** the Congolese parties to the Goma process to scrupulously implement the *Actes d'engagement* emanating from that process;
16. **STRESSES** the need for continued efforts to ensure the timely and faithful implementation of the Comprehensive Peace Agreement (CPA), and **COMMENDS** the parties to the CPA for their commitment and spirit of cooperation. The Assembly **WELCOMES** the progress made during the period under review, particularly with respect to the preparation of the national elections scheduled to take place in 2009, and the implementation of the Abyei Roadmap of 8 June 2008;
17. **EXPRESSES SERIOUS CONCERN** at the deteriorating security situation in Darfur and **CALLS UPON** all the parties to exercise restraint so as to create propitious climate for the start of political talks. The Assembly **WELCOMES** the laudable efforts deployed by the United Nations and the African Union, including through the Joint Chief Mediator, Mr. Djibrill Bassole, in concert with the authorities of Qatar, within the framework of the Afro-Arab Peace Initiative, to get the parties to the conflict to sign a framework agreement together with cessation of hostilities agreement, and **URGES** them to participate, without delay and without preconditions, in the meeting which the Mediator plans to convene in Doha in the very near future. The Assembly **WELCOMES** the recommendations of the "Forum

of the people of Sudan” and **ENCOURAGES** the Sudanese Government to pursue implementation of these recommendations so as to build trust and confidence among the parties and enhance the search for a lasting solution to the crisis in Darfur. The Assembly **ALSO WELCOMES** the progress achieved in the deployment of MINUAD, and **EXPRESSES SATISFACTION** at the Sudanese Government’s cooperation in this regard;

18. **EXPRESSES SERIOUS CONCERN** at the current tension in the relations between The Sudan and Chad and **APPEALS** to both countries to exercise restraint and work towards consolidation of the gains made thanks to the initiatives of the Contact Group set up in pursuance of the Dakar Agreement of March 2008. The Assembly **WELCOMES** the dispatch by the Chairperson of the Commission of a high-level delegation led by President Pierre Buyoya as a follow up to the decision adopted by the PSC at its 138th Meeting held in Sharm El Sheikh, Egypt, on 29 June 2008. It **REQUESTS** the PSC to meet as quickly as possible to consider this report and take appropriate action;
19. **WELCOMES** the holding and the outcomes of the Inclusive Political Dialogue (IPA) in the Central African Republic (CAR), **ENCOURAGES** the concerned parties to work together to implement the recommendations put forward by the IPD, and **EXPRESSES SATISFACTION** at the deployment of the Peace Consolidation Mission of the Security Council in Central Africa (MICOPAX 1) to replace the CEMAC Multinational Force (FOMUC). The Assembly **WELCOMES** the support rendered by the African Union towards the peace consolidation process in the CAR in close cooperation with the region, the EU, the IOF and the United Nations, and **ENCOURAGES** it to persevere in its efforts;
20. **NOTES** that presidential election could not be held in Cote d’Ivoire as initially planned with the consensus of all the parties and **ENCOURAGES** the Government of Cote d’Ivoire to expeditiously set fresh dates for the election, on the proposal of the Independent Electoral Commission, and to take all appropriate measures to ensure compliance with the dates so fixed. The Assembly **WELCOMES** the signing on 22 December 2008, of the 4th Supplementary Agreement to the Ouagadougou Political Agreement which helped to find a solution to the outstanding issues, notably matters relating to the defence and security forces and the effective restoration of State authority throughout the national territory;
21. **WELCOMES** the continued progress being made in the post-conflict reconstruction efforts in Liberia, and **URGES** the international community to continue to provide sustained efforts to Liberia. The Assembly **WELCOMES** the decision of the Chairperson of the Commission to dispatch a multi-disciplinary team of experts to assess the post-conflict reconstruction needs of Liberia and Sierra Leone and make recommendations on how the AU and its Member States could best support the country;
22. **NOTES** that the AU/UN Panel established to make concrete recommendations on how the UN and the AU could explore the possibility of enhancing the predictability

and sustainability of financing UN-mandated peace operations undertaken by the AU, has now submitted its report. The Assembly **REQUESTS** the PSC to meet as early as possible to review the Report and submit its input prior to its consideration by the UN Security Council. The Assembly **REQUESTS** that the African Members of the UN Security Council, as well as South Africa, which led the process that resulted in the establishment of the Panel, participate fully in the proposed meeting of the PSC. The Assembly **MANDATES** the Africa Group in New York and the African Members of the UN Security Council to vigorously pursue this matter within the UN;

23. **STRESSES** the importance of the annual meetings between the AU Peace and Security Council and the United Nations Security Council.